

## (Trimethylsilyl)acetylene

Andrew D. Bond\* and John E. Davies

Department of Chemistry, University of Cambridge, Lensfield Road, Cambridge CB2 1EW, England

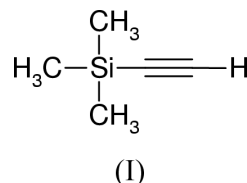
Correspondence e-mail: adb29@cam.ac.uk

The crystal structure of (trimethylsilyl)acetylene,  $C_5H_{10}Si$ , (I), has been determined at 150 K. In space group  $P2_1$ , there are three independent molecules in the asymmetric unit.

Received 10 June 2002

Accepted 18 June 2002

Online 21 June 2002



## Key indicators

Single-crystal X-ray study

 $T = 150$  KMean  $\sigma(C-C) = 0.009$  Å $R$  factor = 0.096 $wR$  factor = 0.273

Data-to-parameter ratio = 20.1

For details of how these key indicators were automatically derived from the article, see <http://journals.iucr.org/e>.

## Experimental

The sample (98%) was obtained from the Aldrich Company and used without further purification. The crystal was grown in a 0.3 mm glass capillary tube at *ca* 265 K (a temperature only slightly less than the melting point of the solid in the capillary), using a technique described earlier (Davies & Bond, 2001). Once grown, the crystal was cooled to 150 (2) K for data collection. The length of the cylindrical crystal was not estimated, but it exceeded the diameter of the collimator (0.35 mm).

## Crystal data

$C_5H_{10}Si$   
 $M_r = 98.22$   
 Monoclinic,  $P2_1$   
 $a = 10.868$  (2) Å  
 $b = 5.742$  (1) Å  
 $c = 17.190$  (2) Å  
 $\beta = 91.31$  (1)°  
 $V = 1072.4$  (3) Å<sup>3</sup>  
 $Z = 6$

$D_x = 0.912$  Mg m<sup>-3</sup>  
 Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation  
 Cell parameters from 16948 reflections  
 $\theta = 1.0$ – $27.5^\circ$   
 $\mu = 0.21$  mm<sup>-1</sup>  
 $T = 150$  (2) K  
 Cylinder, colourless  
 0.15 mm (radius)

## Data collection

Nonius KappaCCD diffractometer  
 Thin-slice  $\omega$  and  $\varphi$  scans  
 Absorption correction: none  
 5343 measured reflections  
 3566 independent reflections  
 2955 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$

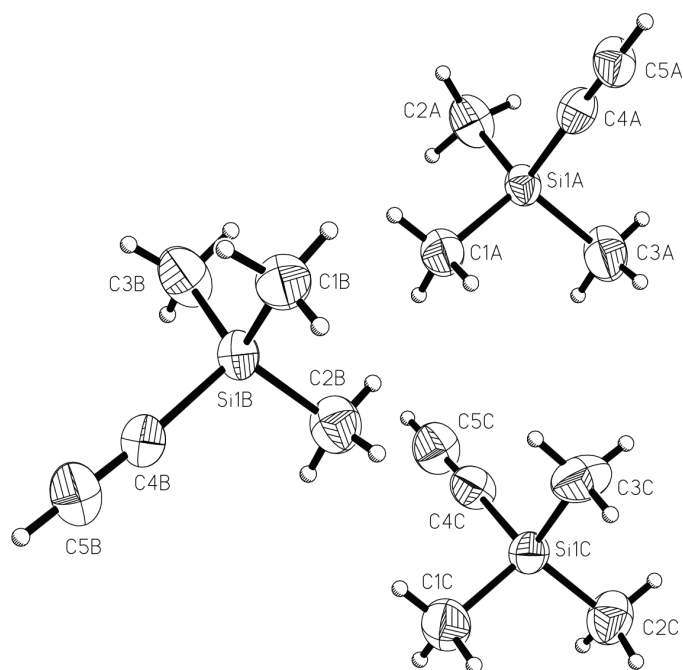
$R_{int} = 0.069$   
 $\theta_{max} = 27.5^\circ$   
 $h = -13 \rightarrow 9$   
 $k = -5 \rightarrow 7$   
 $l = -21 \rightarrow 22$

## Refinement

Refinement on  $F^2$   
 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.096$   
 $wR(F^2) = 0.273$   
 $S = 1.04$   
 3566 reflections  
 177 parameters  
 H-atom parameters constrained

$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.1617P)^2 + 1.4254P]$   
 where  $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$   
 $(\Delta/\sigma)_{max} < 0.001$   
 $\Delta\rho_{max} = 1.53$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>  
 $\Delta\rho_{min} = -0.52$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>  
 Absolute structure: Flack (1983),  
 860 Friedel pairs  
 Flack parameter =  $-0.1$  (4)

The crystal used for data collection, although the best of several attempts, was of relatively poor quality, with a mosaic spread of *ca* 1.9°. This is reflected in the high values of  $R_{int}$  and the final  $R$  indices.



**Figure 1**  
The asymmetric unit of (I) showing displacement ellipsoids at the 50% probability level.

H atoms were placed geometrically and refined with isotropic displacement parameters, with common parameters assigned to chemically equivalent H atoms (two parameters in total). The methyl groups were allowed to rotate about their local threefold axes. Chemically equivalent bonds in the three symmetry-independent molecules were restrained to be equal with standard uncertainties of 0.01 Å.

Data collection: *COLLECT* (Nonius, 1998); cell refinement: *HKL SCALEPACK* (Otwinowski & Minor, 1997); data reduction: *HKL DENZO* and *SCALEPACK*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SIR92* (Altomare *et al.*, 1994); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 1997); molecular graphics: *XP* (Sheldrick, 1993); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXL97*.

The authors thank the EPSRC for financial assistance towards the purchase of the diffractometer.

## References

- Altomare, A., Cascarano, G., Giacovazzo, C., Guagliardi, A., Burla, M. C., Polidori, G. & Camalli, M. (1994). *J. Appl. Cryst.* **27**, 435.  
 Davies, J. E. & Bond, A. D. (2001). *Acta Cryst.* **E57**, o947–o949.  
 Flack, H. D. (1983). *Acta Cryst.* **A39**, 876–881.  
 Nonius (1998). *COLLECT*. Nonius BV, Delft, The Netherlands.  
 Otwinowski, Z. & Minor, W. (1997). *Methods in Enzymology*, Vol. 276, *Macromolecular Crystallography*, Part A, edited by C. W. Carter Jr and R. M. Sweet, pp. 307–326. New York: Academic Press.  
 Sheldrick, G. M. (1993). *XP*. University of Göttingen, Germany.  
 Sheldrick, G. M. (1997). *SHELXL97*. University of Göttingen, Germany.